



# Adding Speed and Scale to Existing Applications: With Apache Ignite



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### Agenda

- Reasons to Bring In Ignite?
- Ignite Usage Modes
- Step 1: In-Memory Data Grid
  - Keeping Data in Sync
  - Preserving SQL and Transactions
- Demo
- Step 2: Full Switch to HTAP
- Q & A

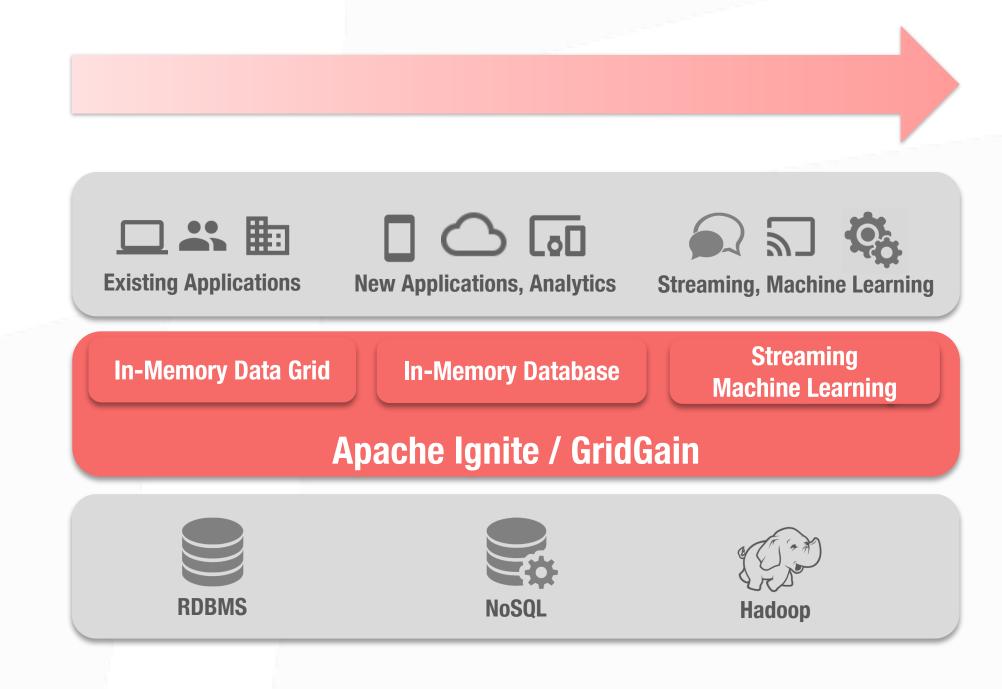


### Reasons to Bring in Ignite?



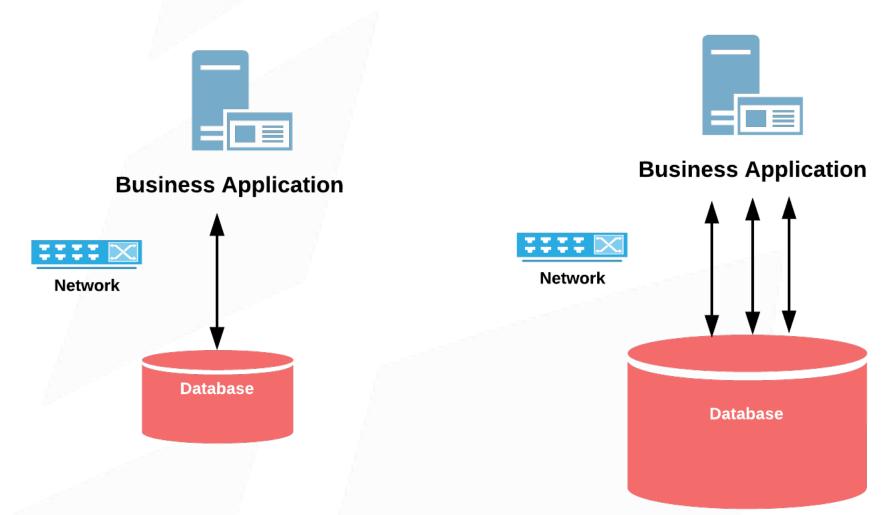
### **Adopting In-Memory Computing – Best Practices**

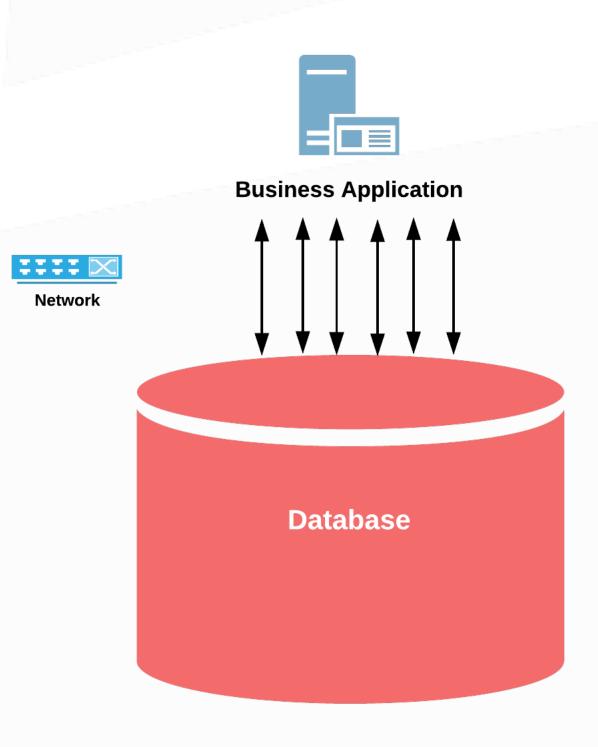
- Adding Speed and Scalability to Existing Applications
  - Web, Mobile (MBaaS)
- Building new applications
  - Data Services for Digital Business
  - Big Data (e.g. Personalization)
  - SaaS and Cloud computing
  - Internet of Things (IoT)
- Building streaming analytics, machine and deep learning
  - Ingestion, computing, analytics
  - Real-time compliance
  - Spark acceleration
  - Continuous model training, automation





#### Reasons to Bring in Ignite?



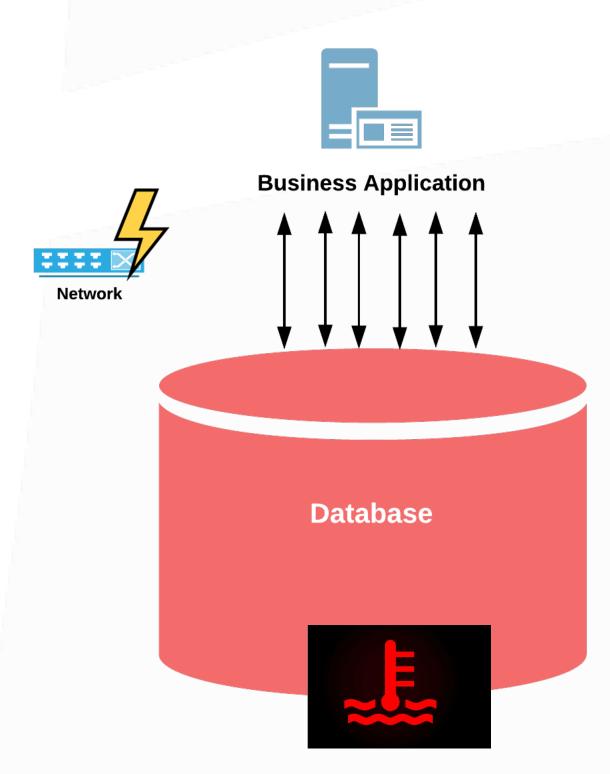


Time



#### **Scalability and Performance**

- Performance Drops
  - Disk I/O
  - Saturated Network
- Scalability Hits a Wall
  - Expensive
  - Limited



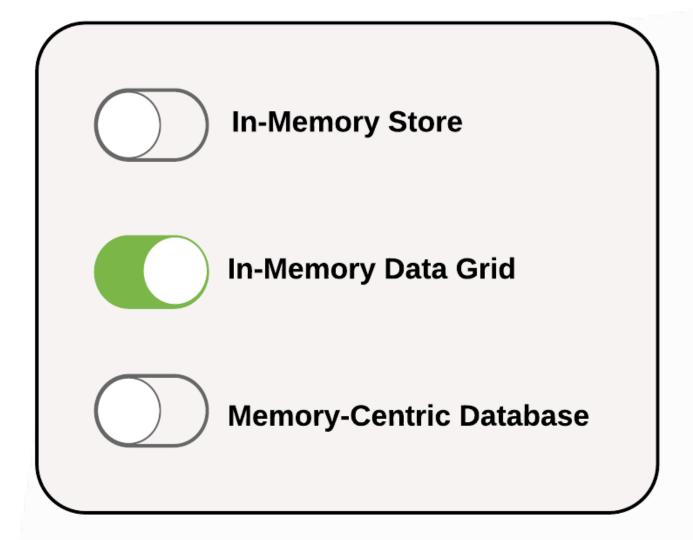


# Ignite Usage Modes



#### **Ignite Usage Modes**

- Ignite as In-Memory Store
  - High-Performant In-Memory
     Computing Platform
- Ignite as In-Memory Data Grid
  - Accelerating Existing Architecture
- Ignite as Memory-Centric Database
  - Modern Greenfield Applications

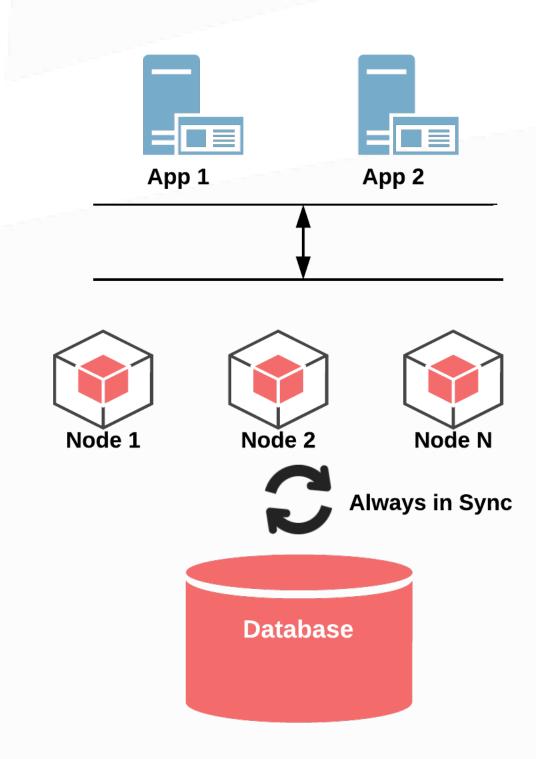




Step 1: Adding Speed and Scale

#### **In-Memory Data Grid (IMDG)**

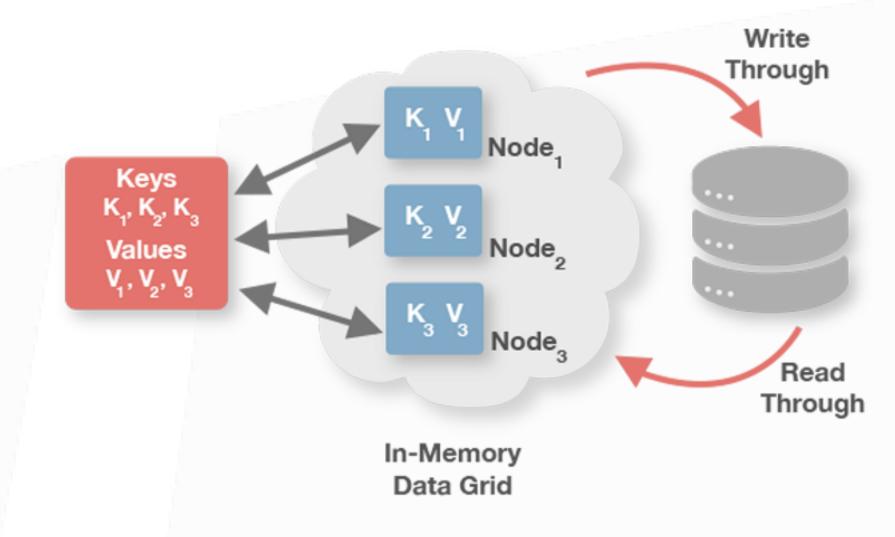
- Distributed Cache with Brains
- RAM primary storage
- Disk backup copy
- Benefits
  - Boosting and Offloading Reads
  - Horizontal Scalability
  - Database Read/Write-Through
  - Collocated Processing





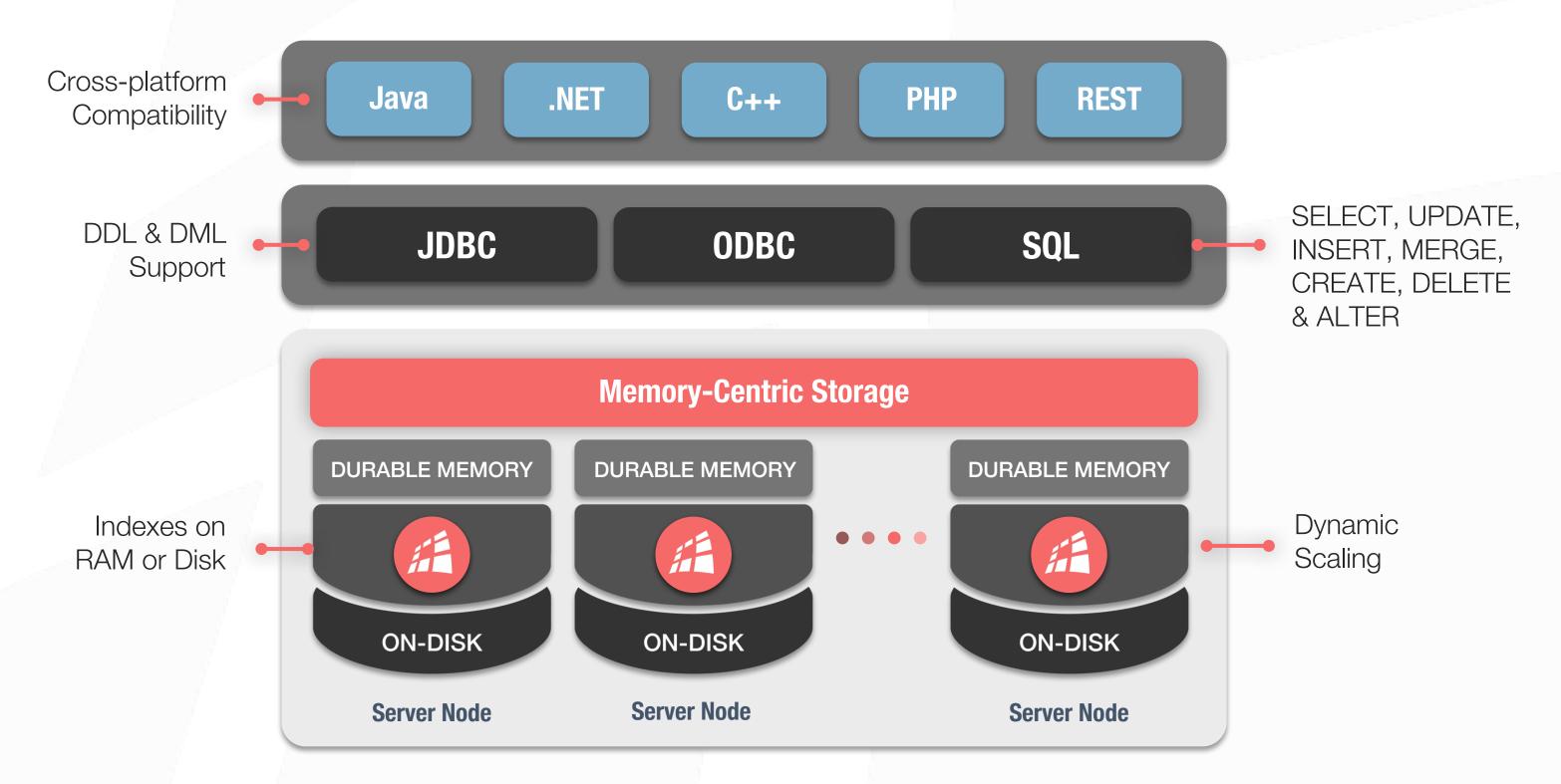
#### Ignite as IMDG

- No rip-and-replace
  - Keep your Database
- Read-Through from Database
  - Key-Value APIs
- Write-Through to Database
  - Key-Value APIs
  - SQL INSERTs, UPDATEs, DELETEs
- ACID Transactions
- Collocated Processing

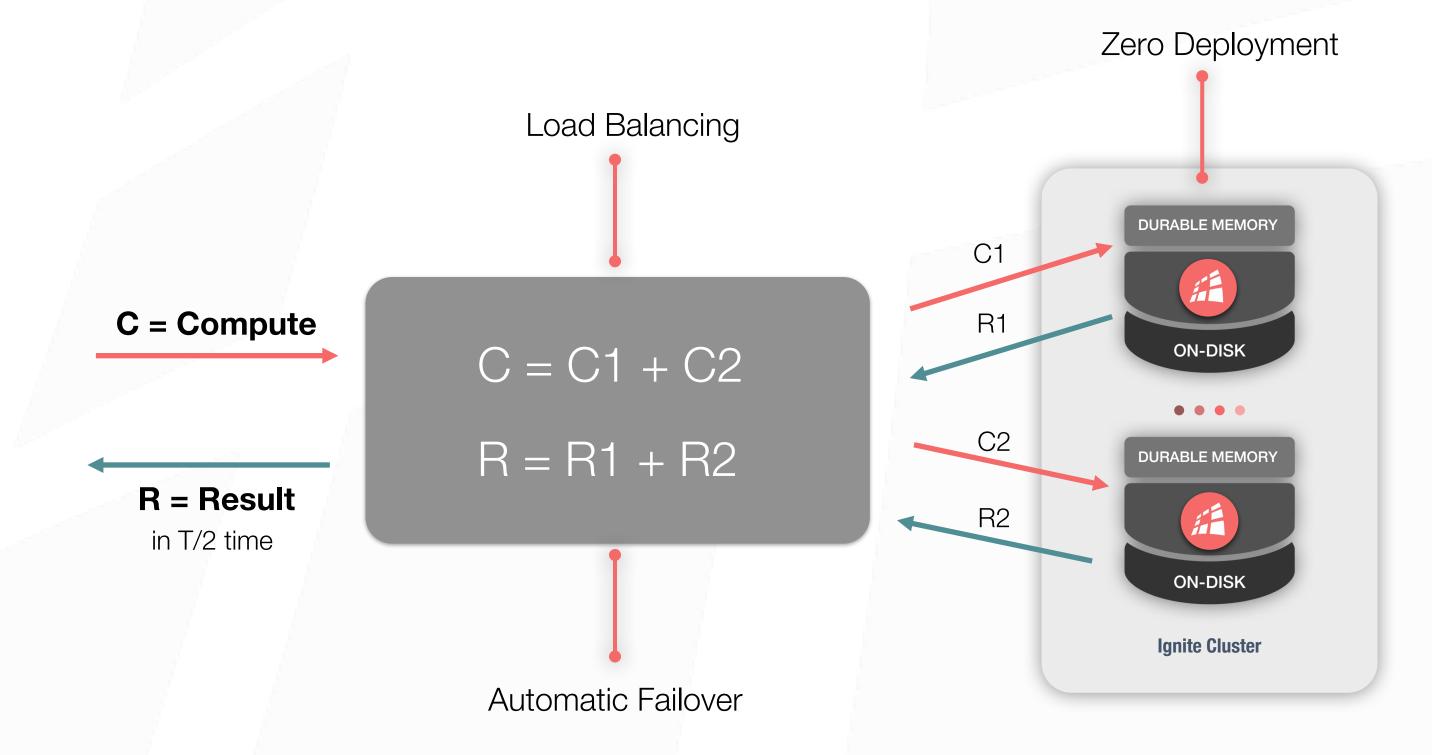




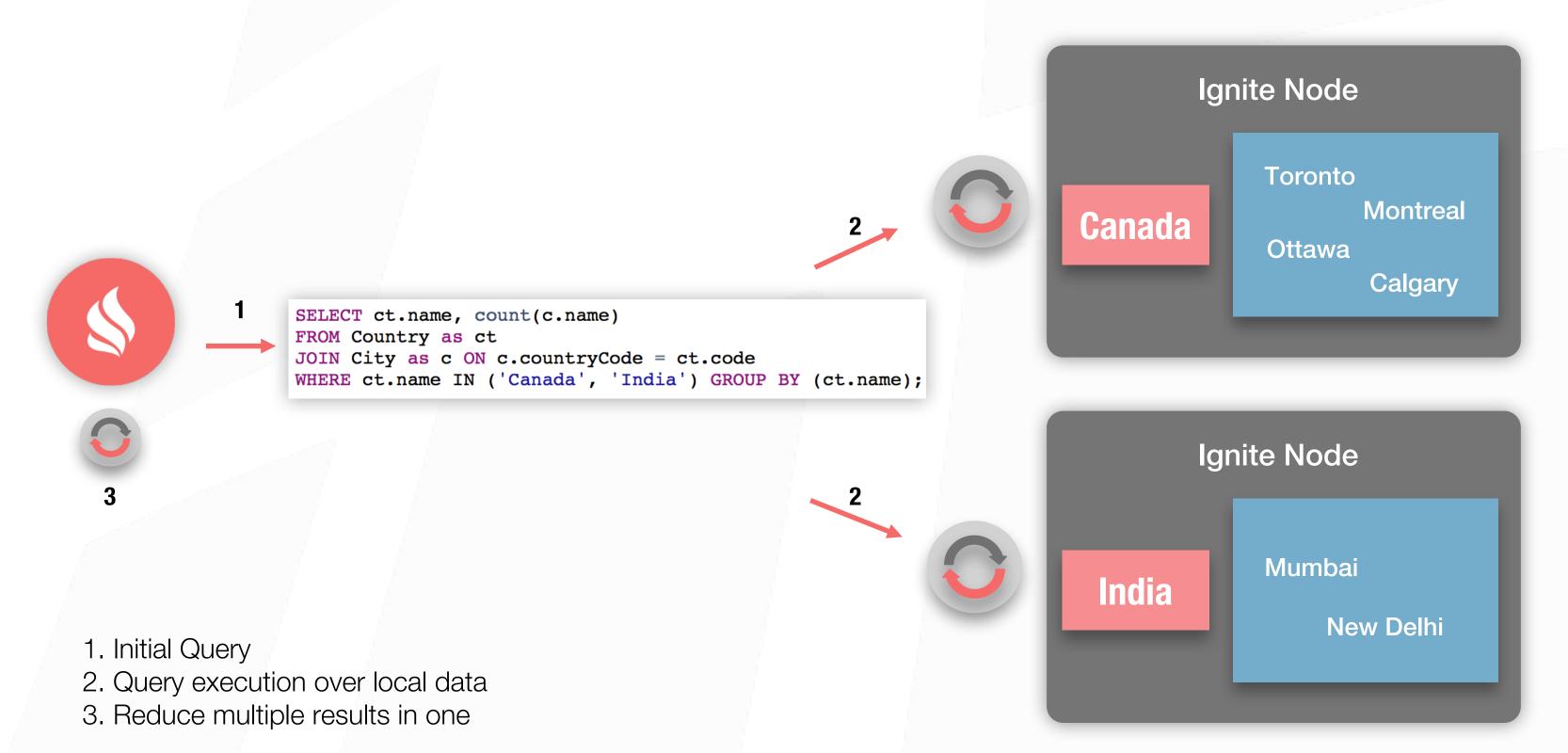
#### **Distributed SQL**



#### **Compute Grid**

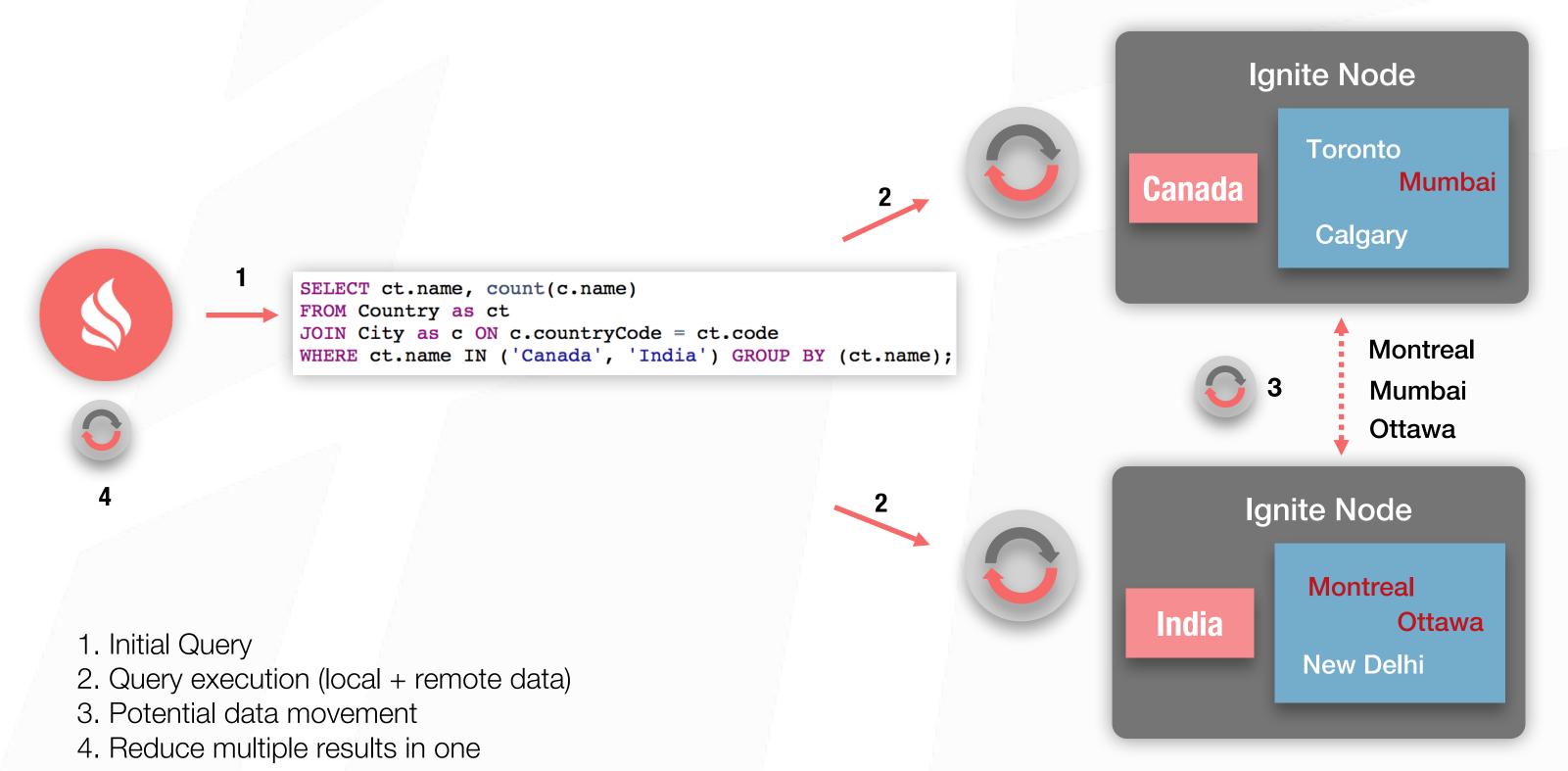


#### **Collocated Joins**





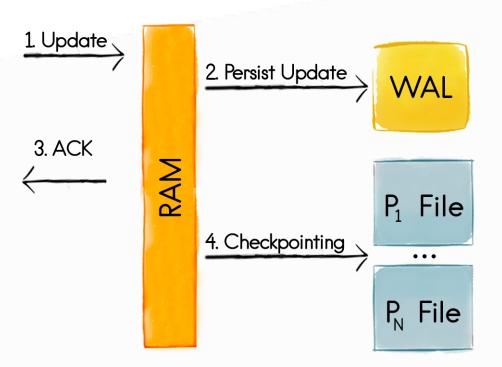
#### **Non-Collocated Joins**





#### **ACID Transactions**

- Distributed ACID Transactions
  - Pessimistic/Optimistic
- 2 Phase Commit
  - From RAM to disk
- Deadlock-free Transactions





# Demo



## Step 2: Full Switch to HTAP

#### Step 2: Full Switch to HTAP

- Collocated Processing
- Real-Time Streaming
- Machine and Deep Learning
- Memory-Centric Database
  - Boosting Reads/Writes
  - Scaling Beyond RAM capacity
  - Instantaneous Restarts

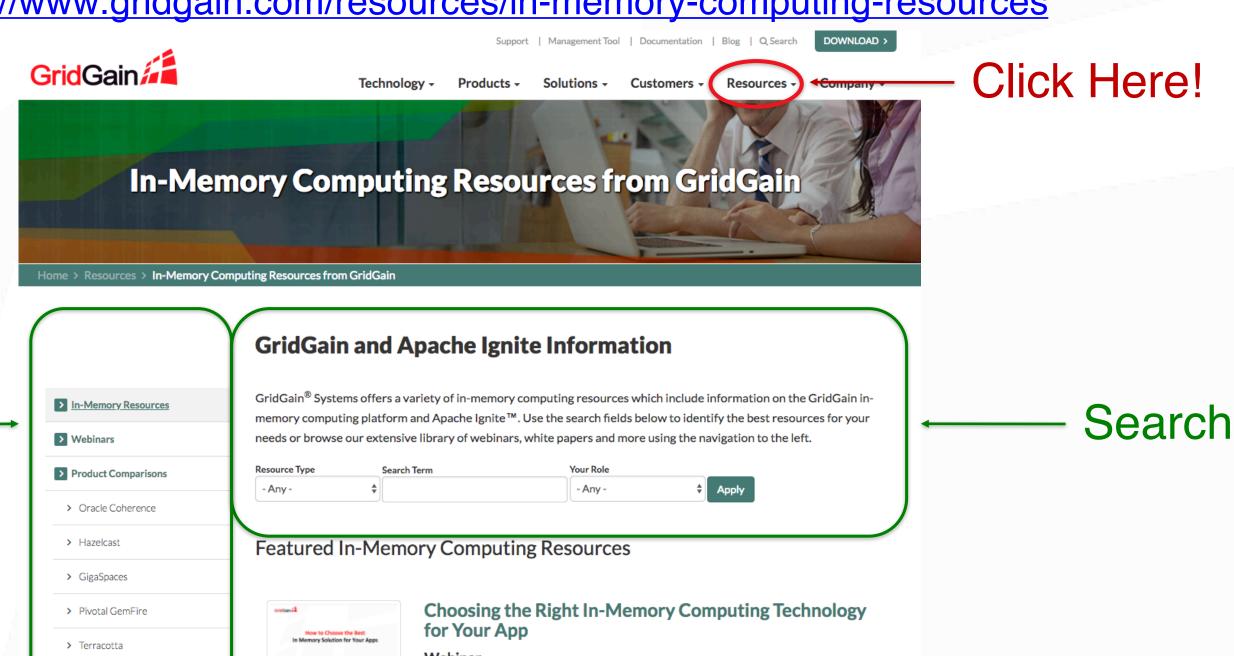


Webinar - Part 2: Building HTAP Apps With Ignite



#### **Questions?**

Visit <a href="https://www.gridgain.com/resources/in-memory-computing-resources">https://www.gridgain.com/resources/in-memory-computing-resources</a>



Webinar

> Redis

> Benchmarks

> Running GridGain Benchmarks

> GridGain Benchmarks Results

The need for real-time computing has resulted in the growth of many different inmemory computing technologies including caches, in-memory data grids, in-memory databases, streaming technologies and broader in-memory computing platforms. But what are the best technologies for each type of project? Learn about your options from one of the leading in-memory computing veterans.

Read More >

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### Thank You!!!

Thank you for joining us. Follow the conversation.

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