

Take Telecom to the Next Level with In-Memory Computing

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Agenda

- Introduction
- What is In-Memory Computing?
- GridGain / Apache Ignite Overview
- Survey Results
- Use Cases and Case Studies
- GridGain / Apache Ignite In-depth



Your Presenter



- Industry Consultant
- Journalist/Reviewer
- Market Analyst
- 30 years in tech (networking, big data, analytics, security)

Telecom: An industry in Transition

Over 1 billion smartphones sold per year with many using mobile as their primary computing platform.

Customers are increasingly focused on data, especially streaming. Media and video was less than 10% of traffic in 2010 and almost 50% in 2015.

50% decline in mobile voice minutes used between 2005 and 2012

Telecom is About Data

Market Shift

- Tiered usage-based pricing for mobile data
- Data sharing for households and businesses

IoT

- According to Gartner, 26 billion connected devices by 2020
- Consumer and business devices
- 1B M2M connections via mobile networks predicted by 2020 (10% of total mobile connections)

Network Operators Under Pressure

Over-the-Top (OTT) Content Providers

- New services challenge operators
- Instant messaging (voice, mobile payments)
- Disrupting the value chain (shifting up to 10% of revenue)

Adapting to the New Value Chain

- Avoid commoditization
- Focus on digital services
- Leverage traditional competencies

Adopting a Data Driven Approach in Order to Compete

Customer Experience Management

- Constantly assessing network performance and customer experience
- Differentiators build a deeper relationship with customers
- Rapidly capture and act on customer feedback

Service Levels and Personalization

- New generation has never lived in a world without digital
- Expect high-quality, seamless omnichannel interactions
- No carrier loyalty, will switch quickly
- Personalized services and support interactions

Network Quality

- 4G in-filling
- Backhaul network modernization
- Preparing for 5G
- More sophisticated traffic monitoring and performance management



Why In-Memory Now?

•Digital Transformation is Driving Companies Closer to Their Customers

- Customers require real-time interactions
- Companies require real-time insights

Internet Traffic, Data, and Connected Devices Continue to Grow

- Web-scale applications and massive datasets require in-memory computing to scale out and speed up to keep pace
- The Internet of Things generates huge amounts of data which require real-time analysis for real world uses

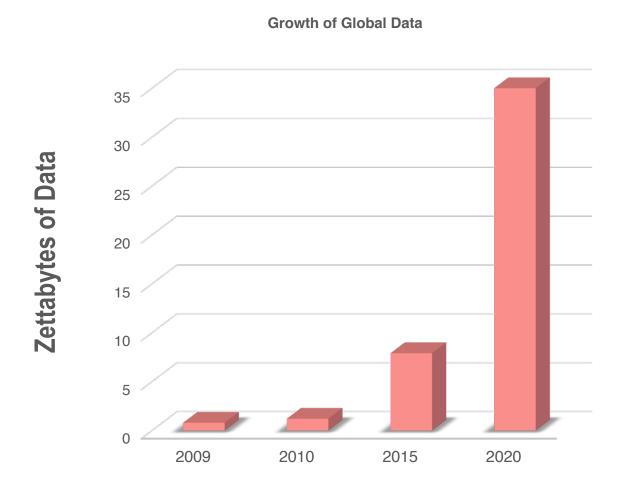
The Cost of RAM Continues to Fall

• In-memory solutions are increasingly cost effective versus disk-based storage for many use cases



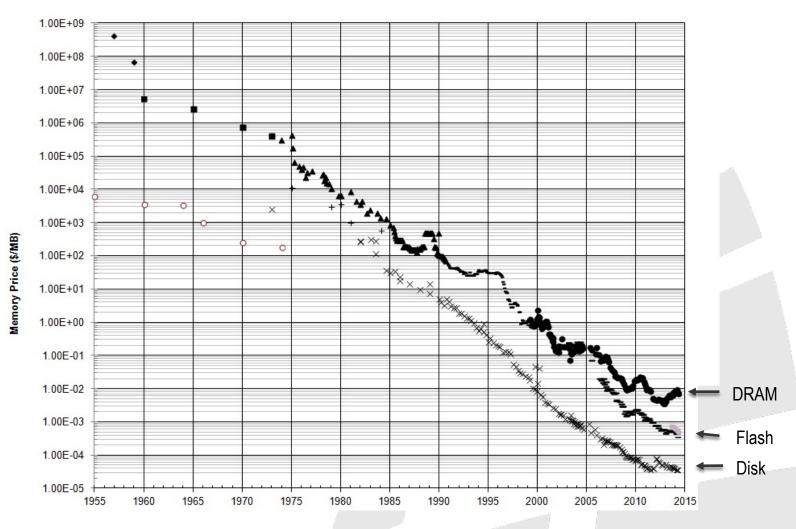
Why Now?

Data Growth and Internet Scale Driving Demand



8 zettabytes in 2015 growing to 35 in 2020

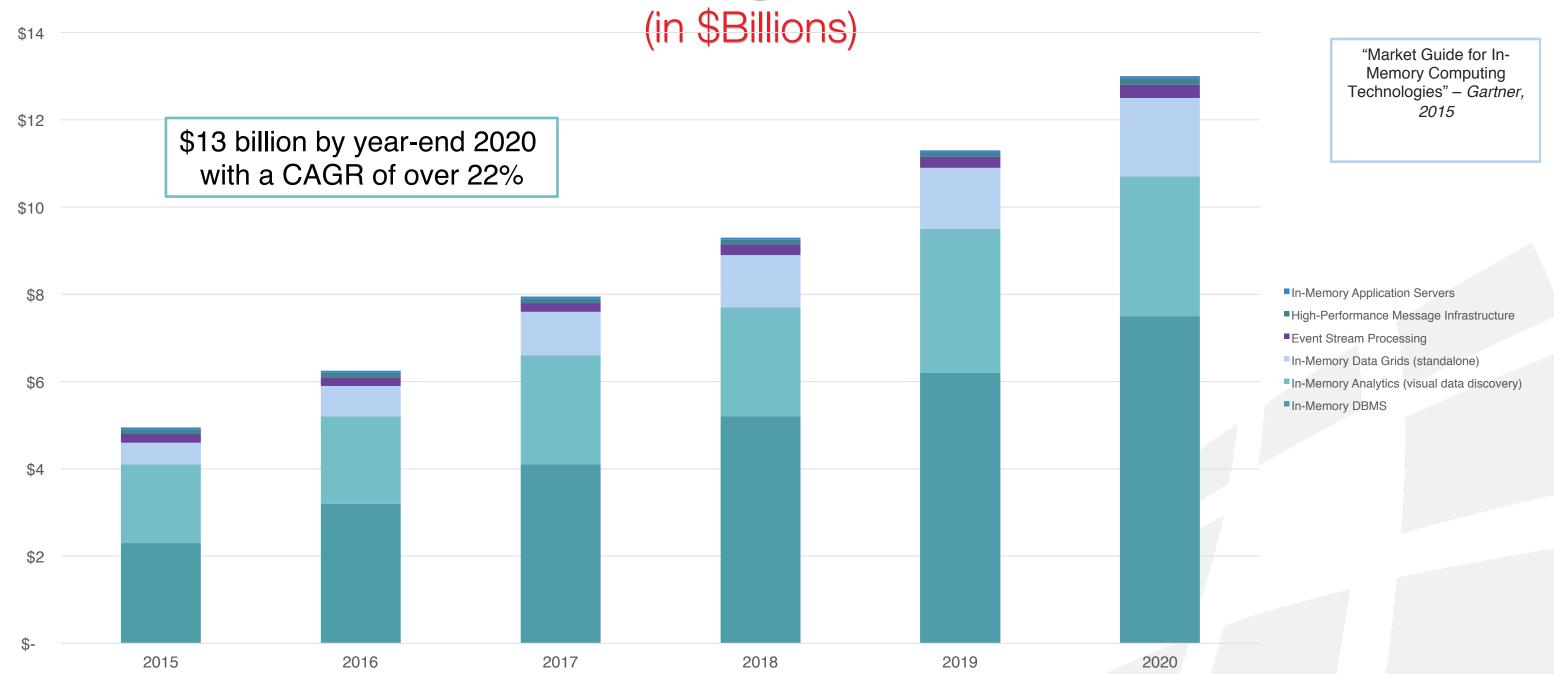
Declining DRAM Cost Driving Attractive Economics



Cost drops 30% every 12 months



The Rapidly Growing In-Memory Technology Market





What is an In-Memory Computing Platform?

Multi-Featured Solution

 Includes an inmemory data grid, in-memory database, and streaming analytics

No Rip and Replace

 Slides in between the existing application and data layers

Supports OLTP and OLAP Use Cases

 Offers ACID compliant transactions as well as SQLbased analytics support either separately or in combination (HTAP)

Multi-Platform Integration

- Works with all popular RDBMS, NoSQL and Hadoop databases
- Unified API with support for a wide range of protocols

Deployable Anywhere

- Can be deployed on premise, in the cloud, or in hybrid environments
- Fully fault-tolerant and loadbalanced on node, cluster and data center levels



The GridGain In-Memory Computing Platform

- High Performance
- Distributed
- Memory-Centric
- Built on Apache® Ignite™

•Features

Data Grid

Memory-Centric Database

Streaming Analytics

ACID Transactions

SQL, DDL & DML

Architecture

Advanced Clustering

Key-Value Store

Compute Grid

Service Grid



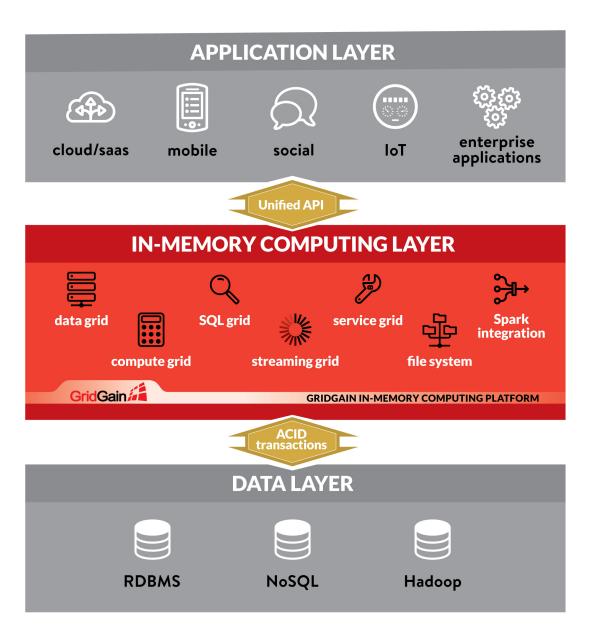
GridGain is the Leading In-Memory Computing Platform

(and based on Apache Ignite)



- Delivers Orders-of-Magnitude Improvements in Speed and Scale for a Variety of Use Cases
 - Big Data analytics
 - SaaS and Cloud computing
 - Mobile and Internet of Things backends
 - Cognitive Computing
 - Streaming and real-time processing
 - Web-scale applications
- Slides Seamlessly Into New or Existing Architectures
 - Between the application and data layers
 - Persistent Store offers transactional SQL database capabilities across a memory-centric, distributed computing environment

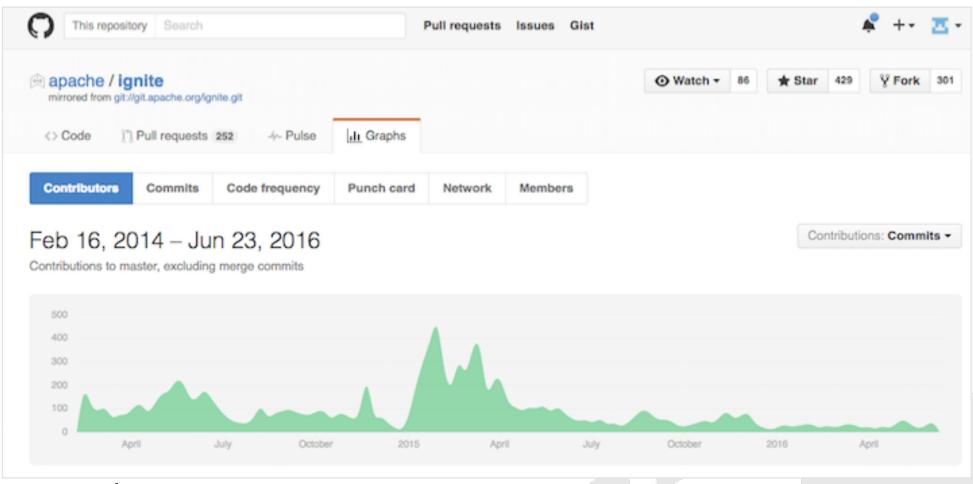
TRANSACTIONAL, ANALYTICAL, OR HYBRID USE CASES



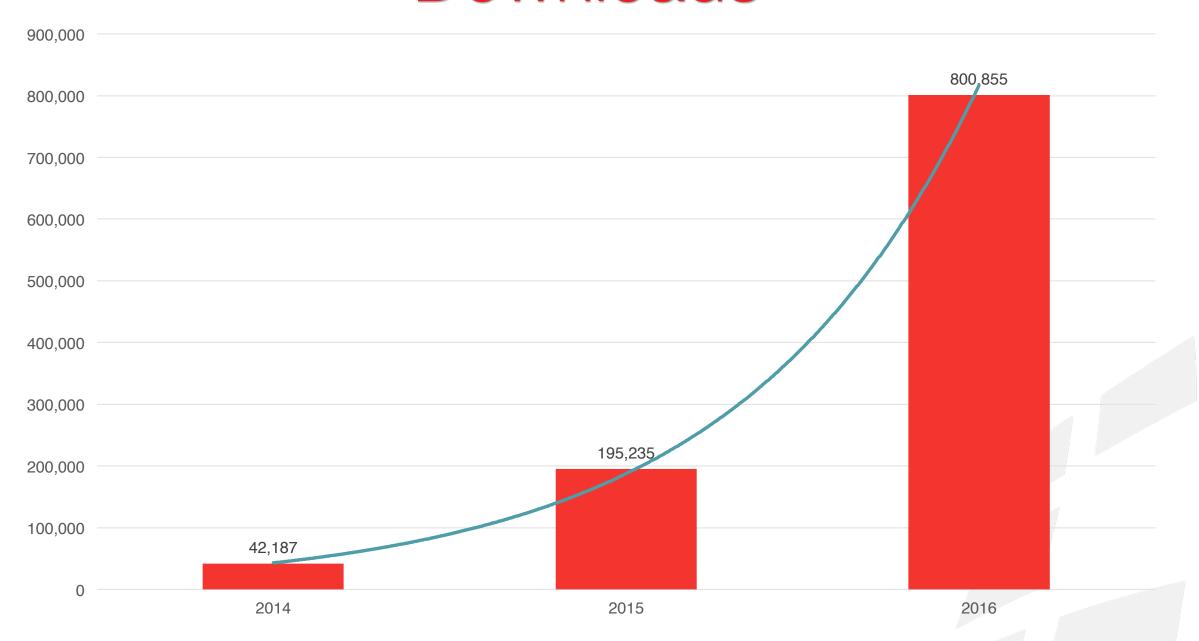


Apache Ignite Project

- 2007: First version of GridGain
- Oct. 2014: GridGain contributes Ignite to ASF
- Aug. 2015: Ignite is the second fastest project to | graduate after Spark
- Today:
 - 60+ contributors and rapidly growing
 - Huge development momentum Estimated 192 years of effort since the first commit in February, 2014 [Openhub]
 - Mature codebase: 1M+ lines of code



Apache Ignite and GridGain Downloads





Comparison of GridGain Editions and Apache Ignite

Features	Apache Ignite	Professional	Enterprise	Ultimate
In-Memory Data Grid	O	•	O	O
In-Memory Compute Grid	O	•	O	O
Persistent Store	O	O	O	O
In-Memory Streaming	O	•	O	O
Distributed SQL with DDL & DML	O	•	•	O
In-Memory Service Grid	O	•	O	O
Distributed In-Memory File System	O	O	O	O
In-Memory Hadoop Acceleration	O	•	O	O
Advanced Clustering	O	•	•	O
Distributed Messaging	O	•	O	O
Distributed Events	•	•	O	•
Distributed Data Structures	•	•	O	•
Portable Objects	O	•	O	•

Comparison of GridGain Editions and Apache Ignite

Features	Apache Ignite	Professional	Enterprise	Ultimate
Security Updates		•	•	•
Maintenance Releases & Patches		•	O	•
Management & Monitoring GUI			O	0
Enterprise-Grade Security			O	0
Network Segmentation Protection			0	0
Rolling Production Updates			O	•
Data Center Replication			O	O
Oracle GoldenGate Integration			O	0
Cluster Snapshots				•

GridGain In-Memory Computing Use Cases

Data Grid

Web session clustering

Distributed caching

Scalable SaaS

Compute Grid

High performance computing

Machine learning

Risk analysis

Grid computing

Distributed SQL

In-memory SQL

Distributed SQL processing

Real-time analytics

Streaming

Real-time analytics

Streaming Big Data analysis

Monitoring tools

Hadoop Acceleration

Faster Big Data insights

Real-time analytics

Batch processing

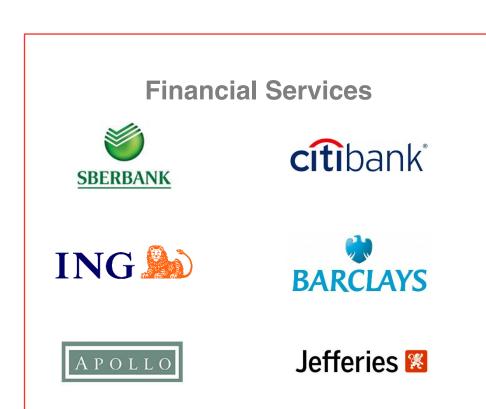
Events

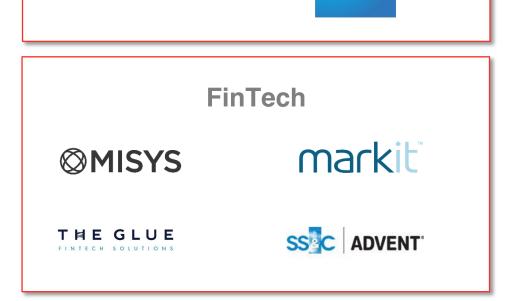
Complex event processing (CEP)

Event driven design



GridGain Customers

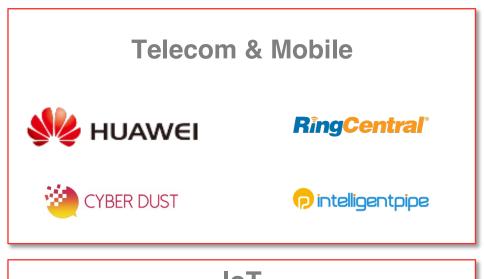


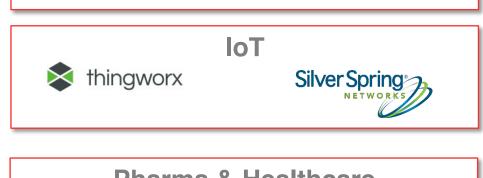


AMERICAN

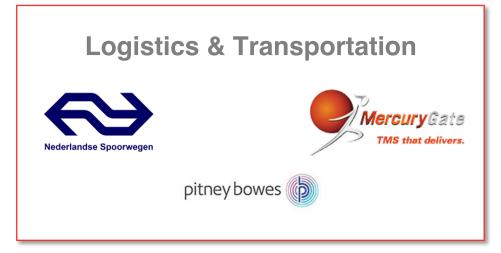
EXPRESS











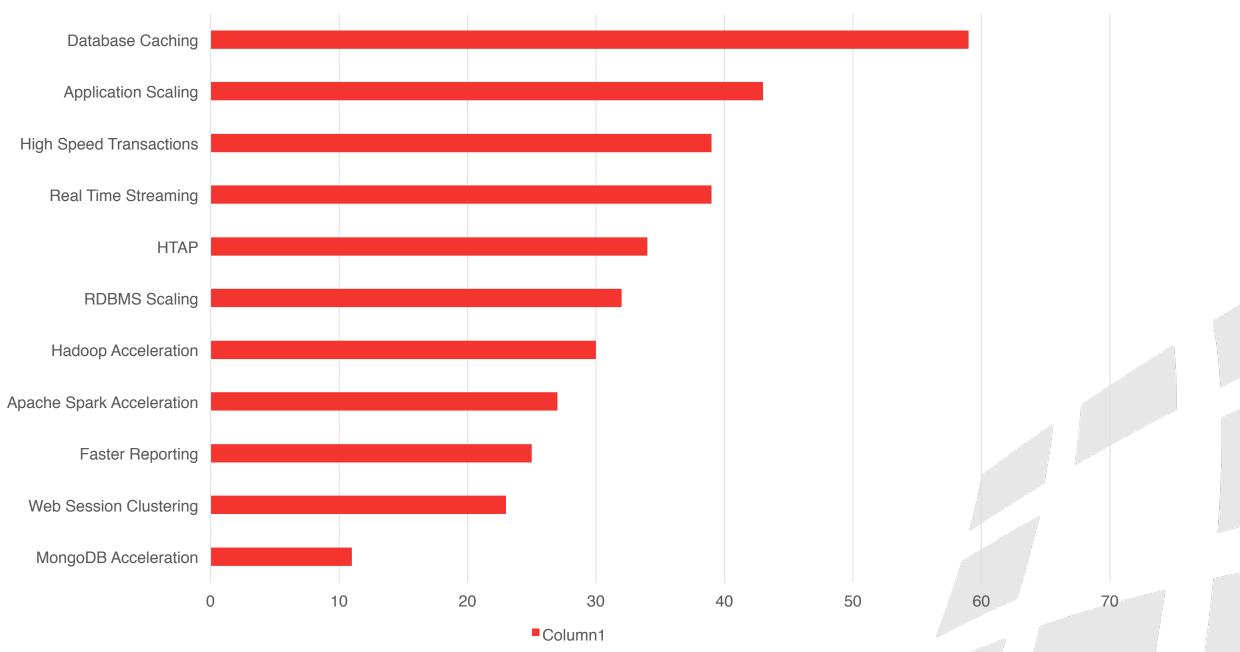




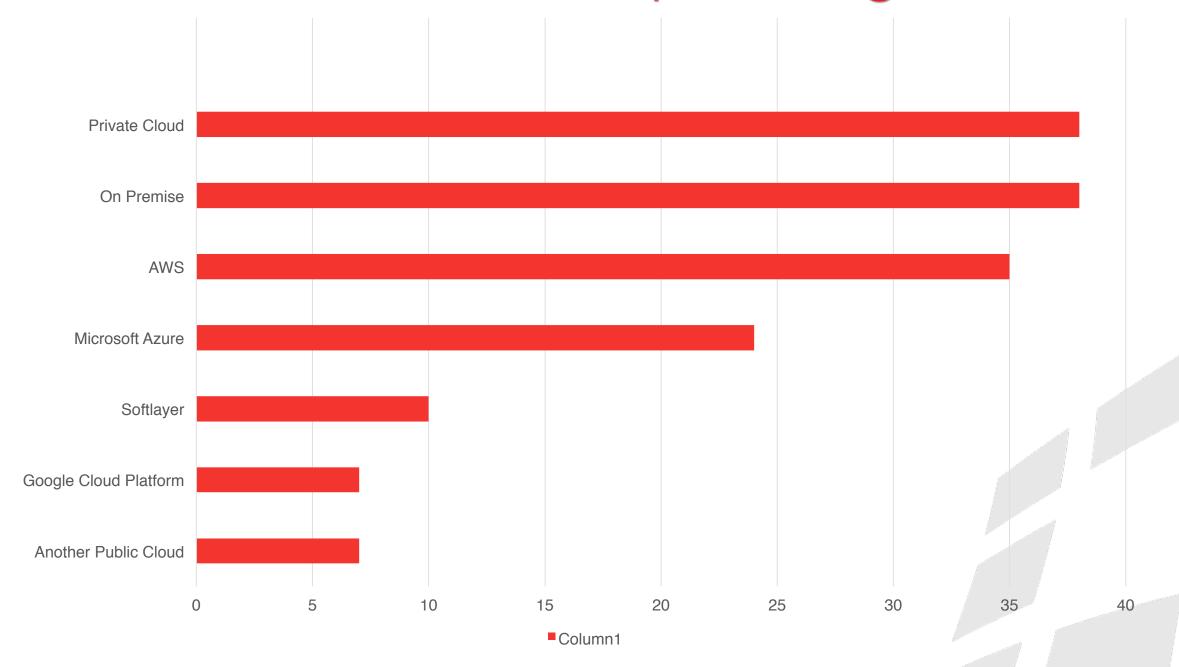


Fidelity

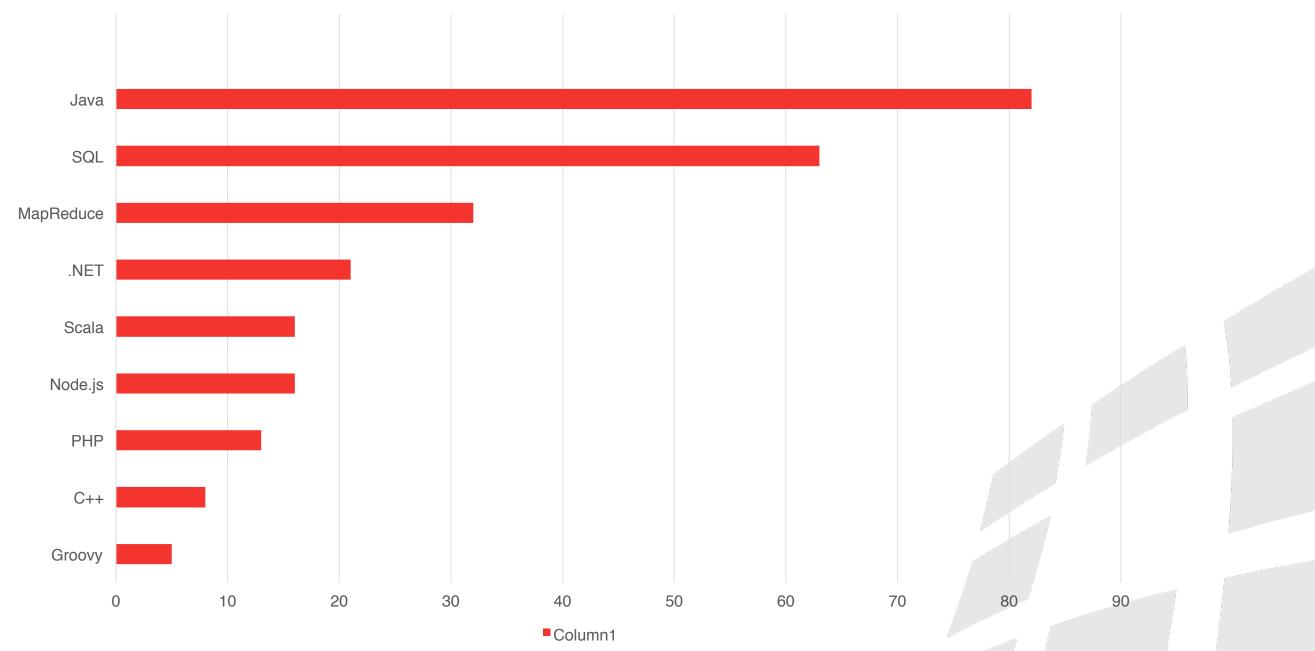
Survey Results: What uses were you considering for in-memory computing



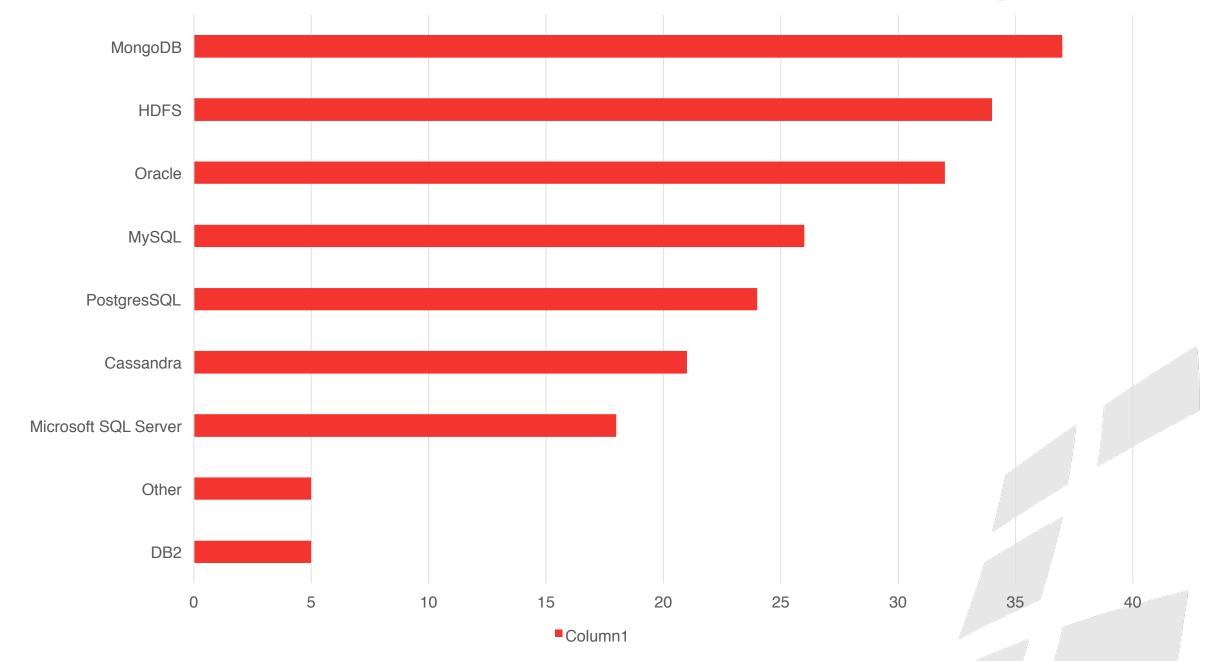
Survey Results: Where do you run GridGain and/or Apache Ignite?



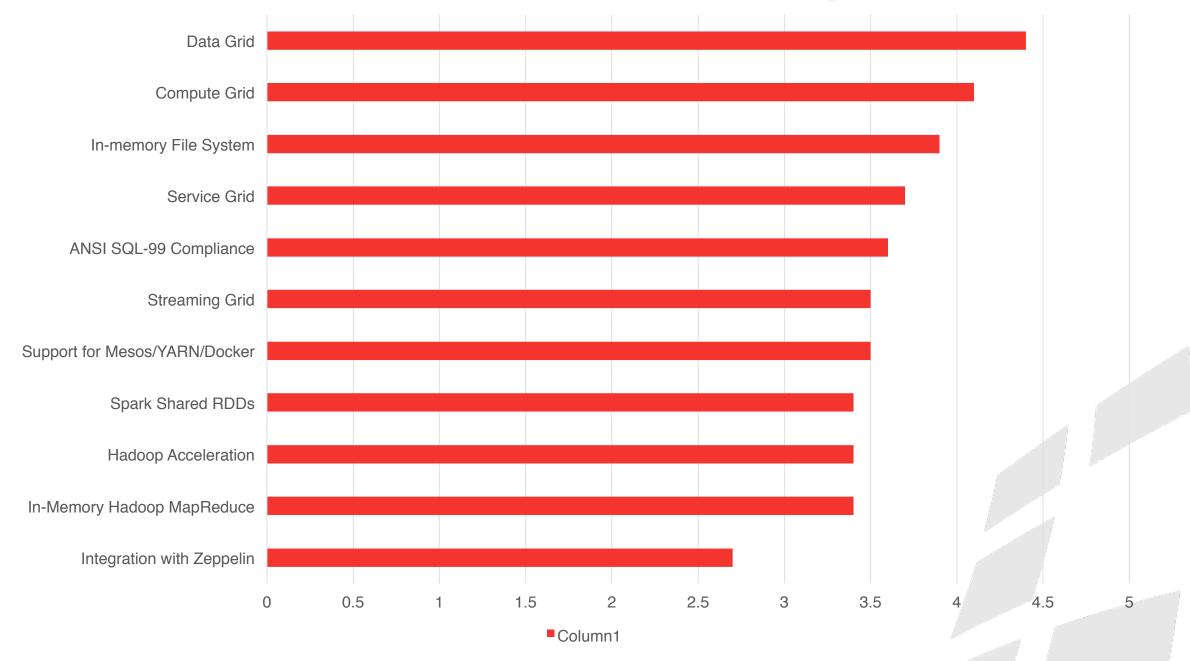
Survey Results: Which of the following protocols do you use to access your data?



Survey Results: Which data stores are you/would you likely use with GridGain/Apache Ignite?



Survey Results: How important are each of the following product features to your organization?





- Background:
 - Intelligentpipe is a big data software company serving the global telecommunications industry by developing solutions for mobile operators to improve their business and operational processes
- The Challenge
 - Collect and analyze massive amounts of mobile user traffic data in real time
 - Tens of millions of users
 - Consumption of network resources
 - Type of network traffic (voice or data)





- GridGain Professional Edition used to build a high performance low latency analysis platform
- "GridGain ensures responsiveness regardless of how much information we need to search through." Sakari Paloviita, CTO, Intelligentpipe
- Collect and analyze multiple terabytes per day



Case Study: intelligentpipe

- Real-time analytics provides fast insight
- Easy integration with existing systems due to GridGain's Unified API and ANSI SQL-99 support
- Linear scaling across deployed server to keep up seamlessly as the business grows

We'll want to use technology GridGain offers so we can focus on our core business ourselves."

- Jari Kuusela, Director of Product Management



- Multi-national provider with over 250 million customers across mobile, fixed line, and broadband
- Customer interactions increasingly online
 - Support
 - Billing
 - Self-service
 - 360 degree view

- Requirements
 - Accommodate increasing traffic to self-service web portals
 - Real-time data updates to customer account
 - Higher query throughput
 - Future-proof growth in customer base
 - Retention of extensive SQL-based BI code
 - High availability and timely system recovery

- POC
 - 5-6 weeks
 - 10 physical nodes (48 core/512GB RAM/ 512GB disk)
 - Partitioned grid topology
 - Each existing DB stored in it's own cache
 - Updates received via Kafka streaming
 - SQL queries to re-generate and update customer billing and account details
 - SQL queries to respond to user requests via customer web portal



- The results
 - Platform provides up to 60,000 updates a second
 - Individual updates complete in average time of 40ms
 - Full customer web view processes within 40ms
 - Full web page render time below 1.4 sec
 - All existing SQL queries and business logic reused with little refactoring





- Background:
 - Cyber Dust is a platform for text messages: "A safer place to text."
 - Untraceable
 - Encrypted
 - Disappearing
 - Screenshot blocking
 - Available for Andoid and IoS
 - Mark Cuban funded

- The Challenge
 - To build a real-time, reliable and highly available server infrastructure to support a mobile messaging platform
 - More than 500K users
 - Millions of messages a day
 - Avoid writing messages to disk





- GridGain Professional Edition used to build a messaging platform
- Runs completely on Amazon EC2
- All user account data, configurations, and messages held in memory
- Messages deleted without a trace because they were never written to disk
- Extensive use of Unified API





- "Blast" feature performance: capable of broadcasting disappearing messages to all of a user's contacts
- Real-world performance of 300,000 messages sent and disappeared in 30 seconds

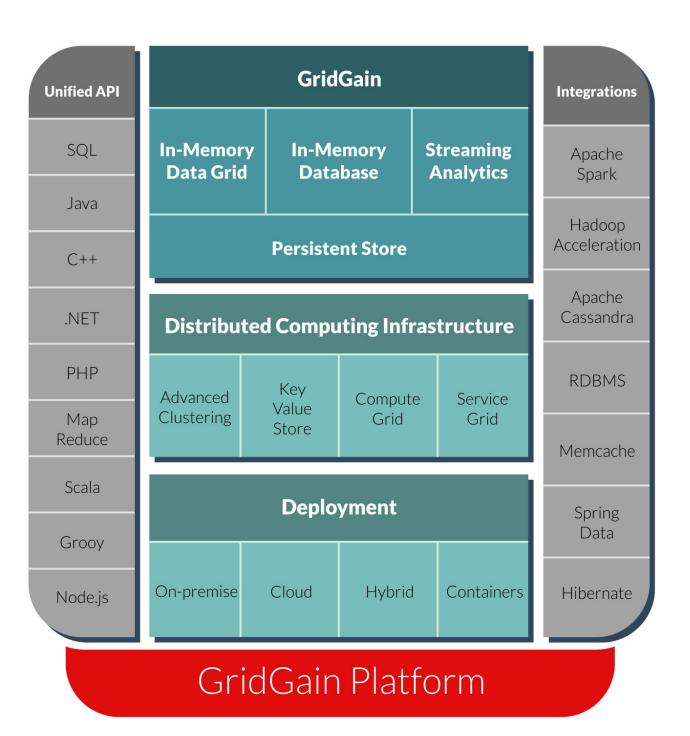
I was pleasantly surprised by the GridGain solution and performance.

-Igor Shpitalnik, CTO

I keep learning about additional capabilities
GridGain offers. It's what I expected and more.

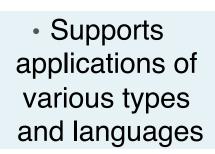
-Igor Shpitalnik, CTO

The GridGain In-Memory Computing Platform

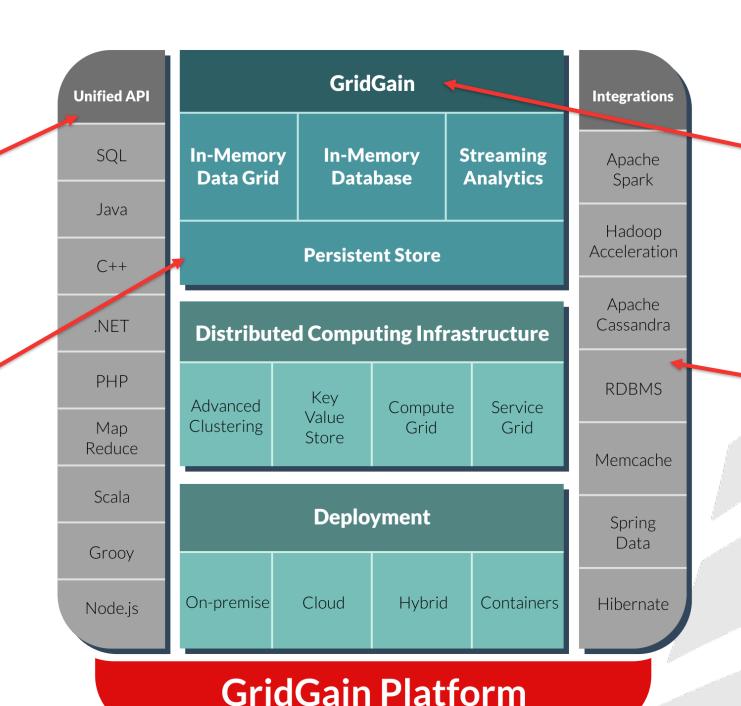


- Richest functionality a true in-memory platform
 - In-memory data grid, in-memory database, streaming analytics
 - Persistent Store for memory-centric computing
 - SQL, ACID transactions, works with any database type, native integrations with many products
- Built on open source Apache Ignite technology
 - Ignite is for Fast Data what Hadoop is for Big Data
- Most strategic, least disruptive approach to inmemory computing speed and scale
 - No rip-and-replace of existing infrastructure required for IMDG, IMDB or Streaming Analytics
 - Deployable anywhere

The GridGain In-Memory Computing Platform



- Functions as a distributed
 transactional SQL database with
 Persistent Store
- Memory-centric architecture
- SQL queries across disk and memory resident data



- Simple Java APIs
- 1 JAR dependency
- High performance & scale
- Automatic fault tolerance
- Management/monitoring
- Runs on commodity hardware
 - Supports existing & new data sources
 - Supports all popular RDBMS,
 NoSQL and Hadoop databases
 - No rip & replace for data grid use cases



Transactions & Analytics in a Single Platform

Transactions High Volume

Data Grid Compute Grid **SQL** Grid

Streaming Analytics In-Memory Hadoop In-Memory HDFS Spark Acceleration Persistent Spark

Big Data

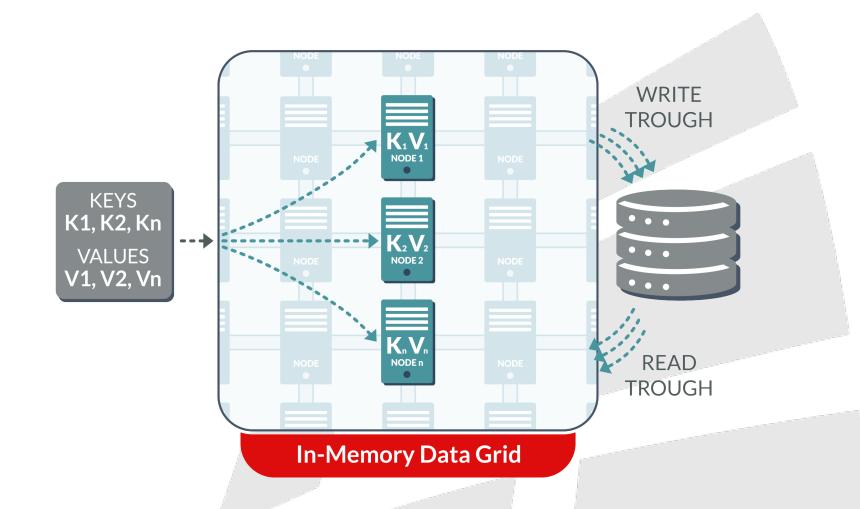




GridGain In-Memory Data Grid

 Moves disk-based data from RDBMS, NoSQL or Hadoop databases into RAM

- Distributed In-Memory Caching
- Lightning Fast Performance
- Elastic Scalability
- Distributed In-Memory Transactions
- Distributed In-Memory Queue and Other Data Structures
- Web Session Clustering
- Hibernate L2 Cache Integration
- Tiered Off-Heap Storage
- Distributed SQL Queries with Distributed Joins

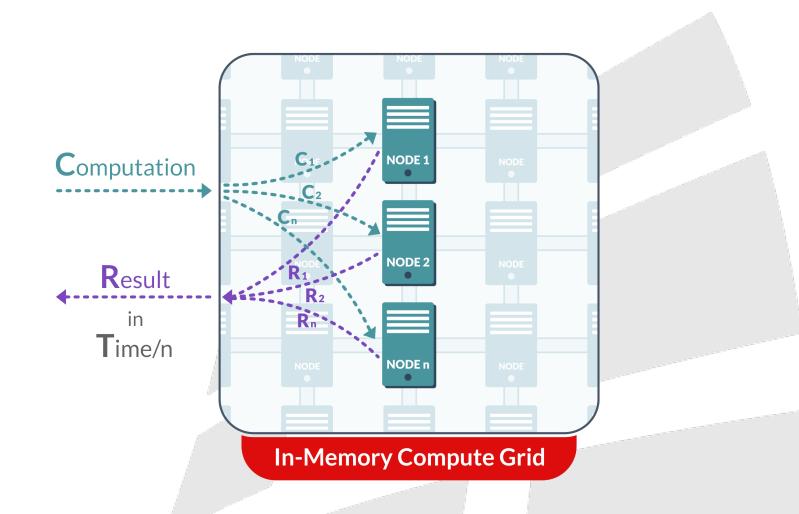




GridGain In-Memory Compute Grid

 Enables parallel processing of CPU or otherwise resource intensive tasks

- Dynamic Clustering
- Fork-Join & MapReduce Processing
- Distributed Closure Execution
- Adaptive Load Balancing
- Automatic Fault Tolerance
- Linear Scalability
- Custom Scheduling
- Checkpointing for Long Running Jobs
- ExecutorService

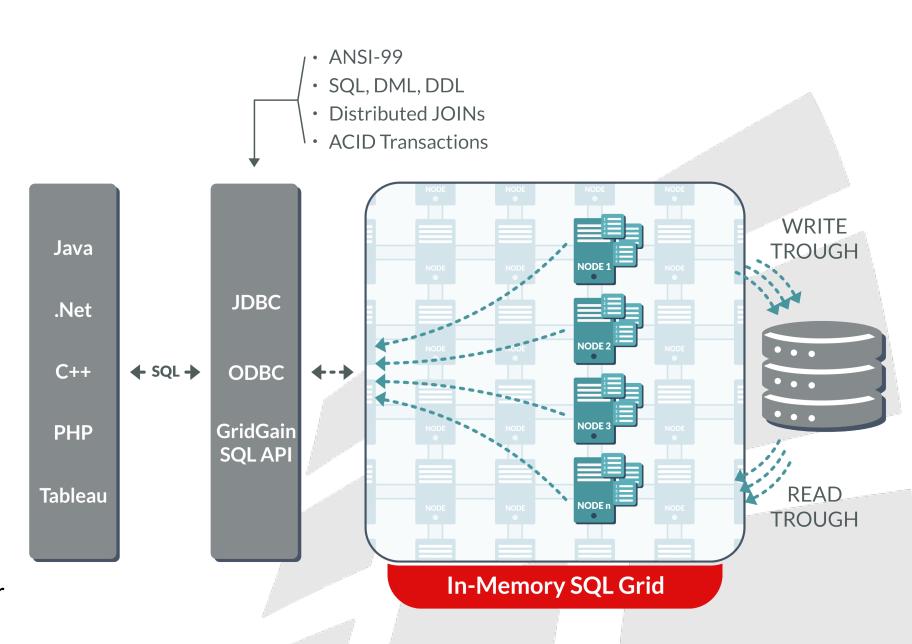




Distributed SQL

- Horizontally scalable and fault tolerant
- ANSI SQL-99 compliant with DDL & DML
- Leverage existing SQL applications with in-memory speed and scale

- Supports SQL and DML commands including SELECT, UPDATE, INSERT, MERGE and DELETE Queries
- DDL for managing caches and SQL schema with commands like CREATE and DROP table
- Distributed SQL
- Geospatial Support
- SQL Communications Through the GridGain ODBC or JDBC APIs Without Custom Coding
- ANSI SQL-99 Compliance





GridGain In-Memory Streaming Analytics Engine

 Allows queries into sliding windows of incoming data

- Programmatic Querying
- Customizable Event Workflow
- At-Least-Once Guarantee
- Sliding Windows
- Data Indexing
- Distributed Streamer Queries
- Co-Location With In-Memory Data Grid

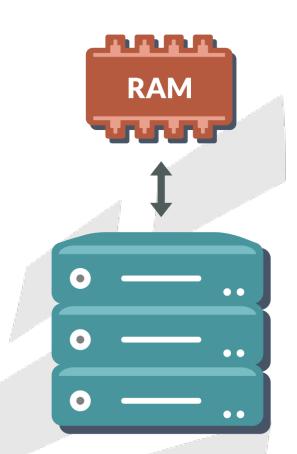




GridGain Persistent Store

 Full dataset on disk with some or all of the dataset in memory and ACID transaction and SQL support on full dataset

- Memory-centric computing
- Distributed, transactional SQL database
- Easily scalable to thousands of nodes
- ACID transaction support
- ANSI SQL-99, DML & DDL across the full dataset



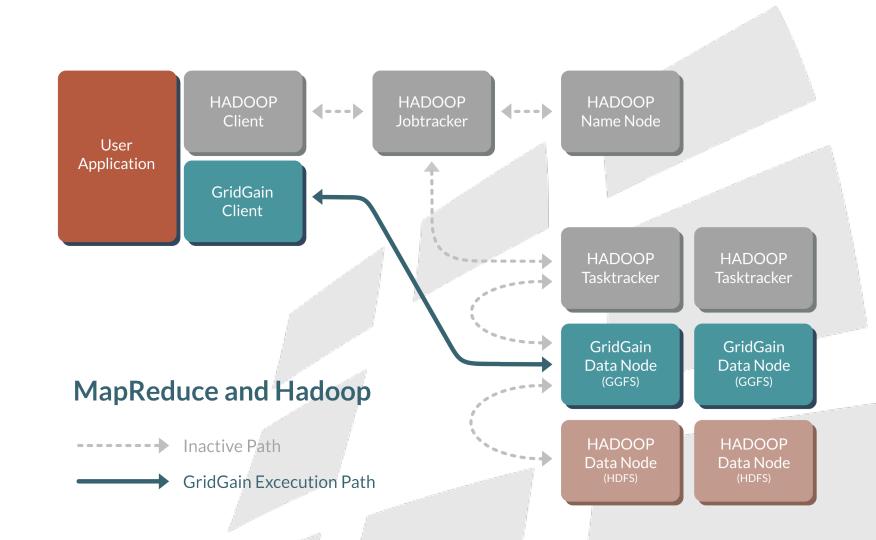


GridGain In-Memory Hadoop Acceleration

 Provides easy to use extensions to disk-based HDFS and traditional MapReduce, delivering up to 10x faster performance

• Features:

- 100x Faster Performance
- In-Memory MapReduce
- Highly Optimized In-Memory Processing
- Standalone File System
- Optional Caching Layer for HDFS
- Read-Through and Write-Through with HDFS



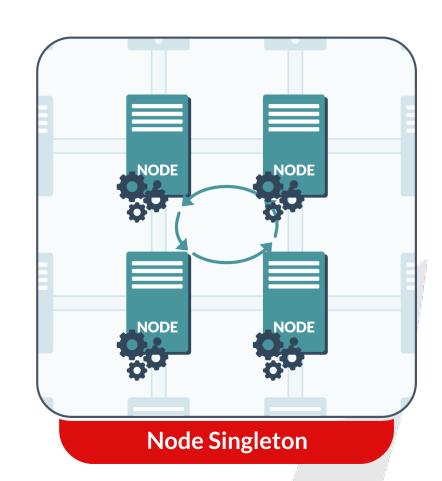
GGFS is GridGain File System

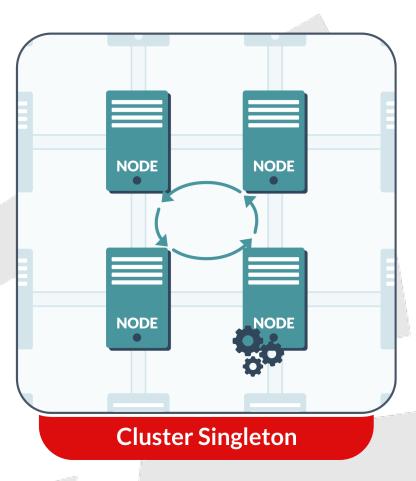


GridGain In-Memory Service Grid

 Provides control over GridGain and user-defined services on each cluster node and guarantees continuous availability of all deployed services in case of node failures

- Automatically Deploy Multiple Instances of a Service
- Automatically Deploy a Service as Singleton
- Automatically Deploy Services on Node Start-Up
- Fault Tolerant Deployment
- Un-Deploy Any of the Deployed Services
- Get Service Deployment Topology Information
- Access Remotely Deployed Service via Service Proxy





ANY QUESTIONS?

Thank you for joining us. Follow the conversation.

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