



Distributed Machine Learning with Zero ETL

Yury Babak

Head of development, GridGain

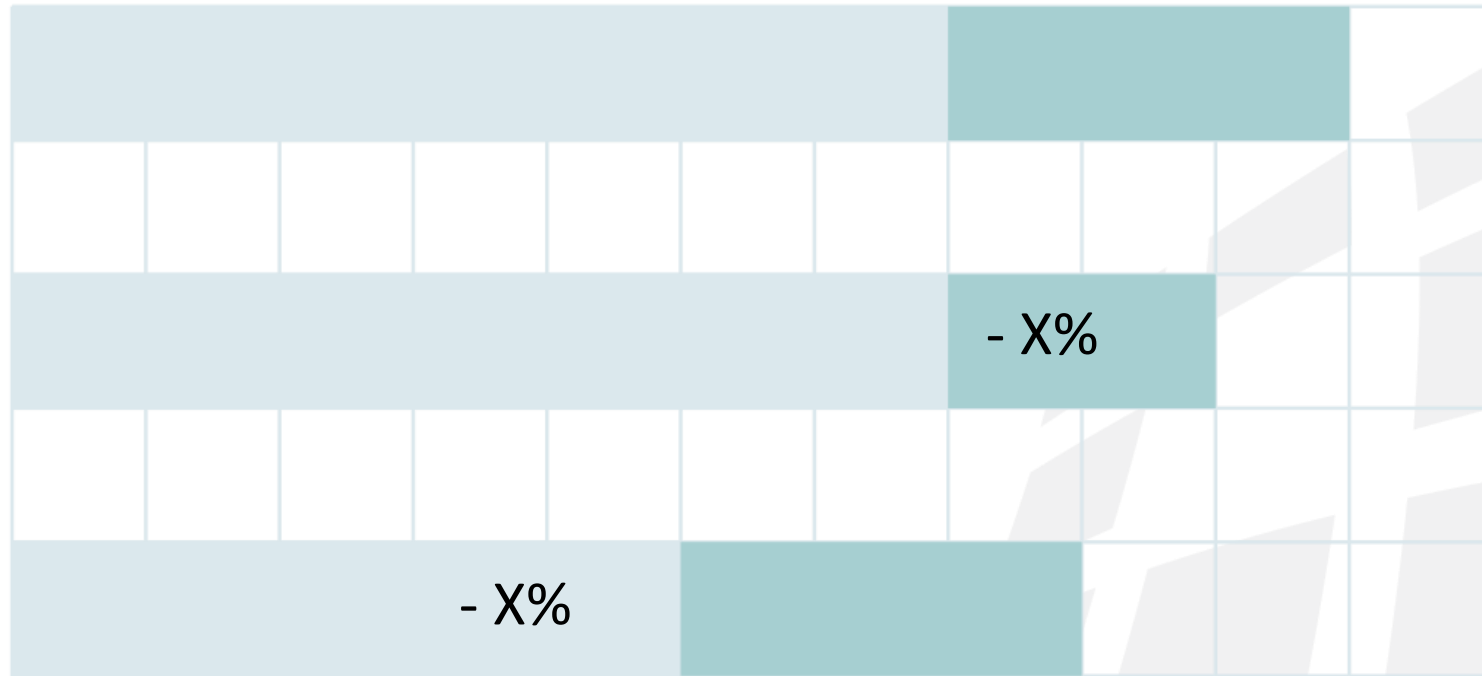
Long ETL



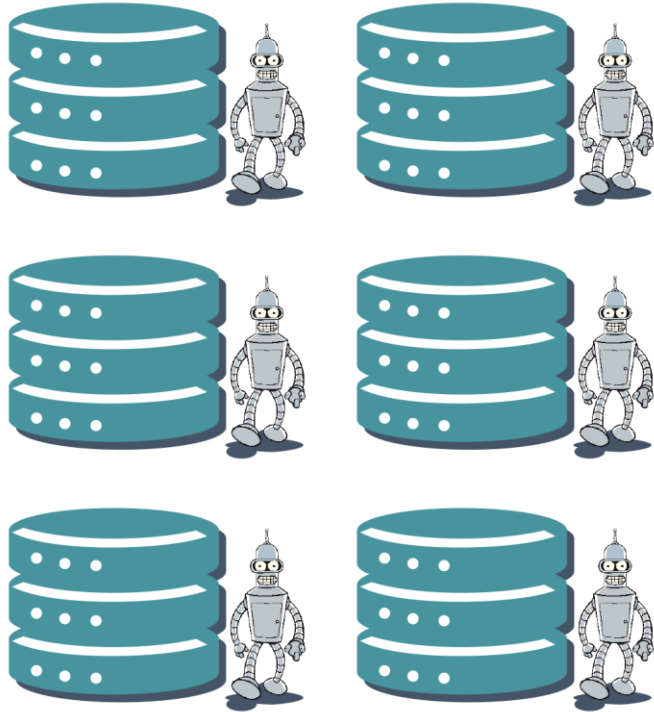
Long ETL

ETL

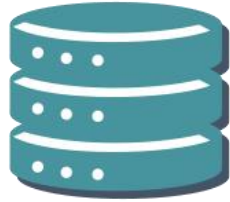
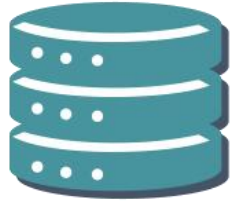
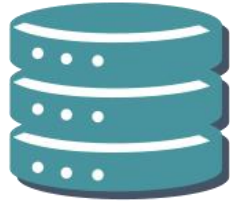
ML



Distributed Training



Node Crash



Apache Ignite



Financial
Services



Telco



Travel &
Logistics



E-Commerce



Pharma &
Healthcare



IoT

SQL

Key/Value

Transactions

Compute

Services

Streaming

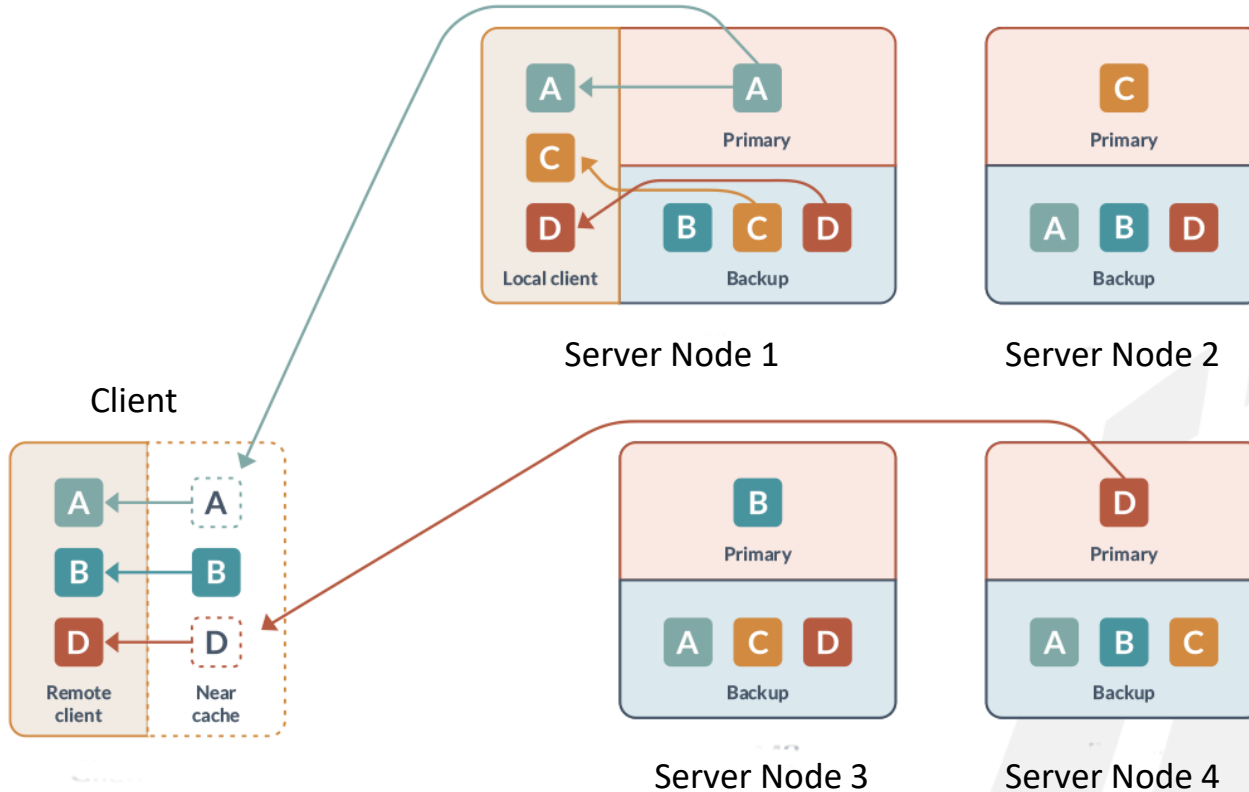
ML

Memory-Centric Storage

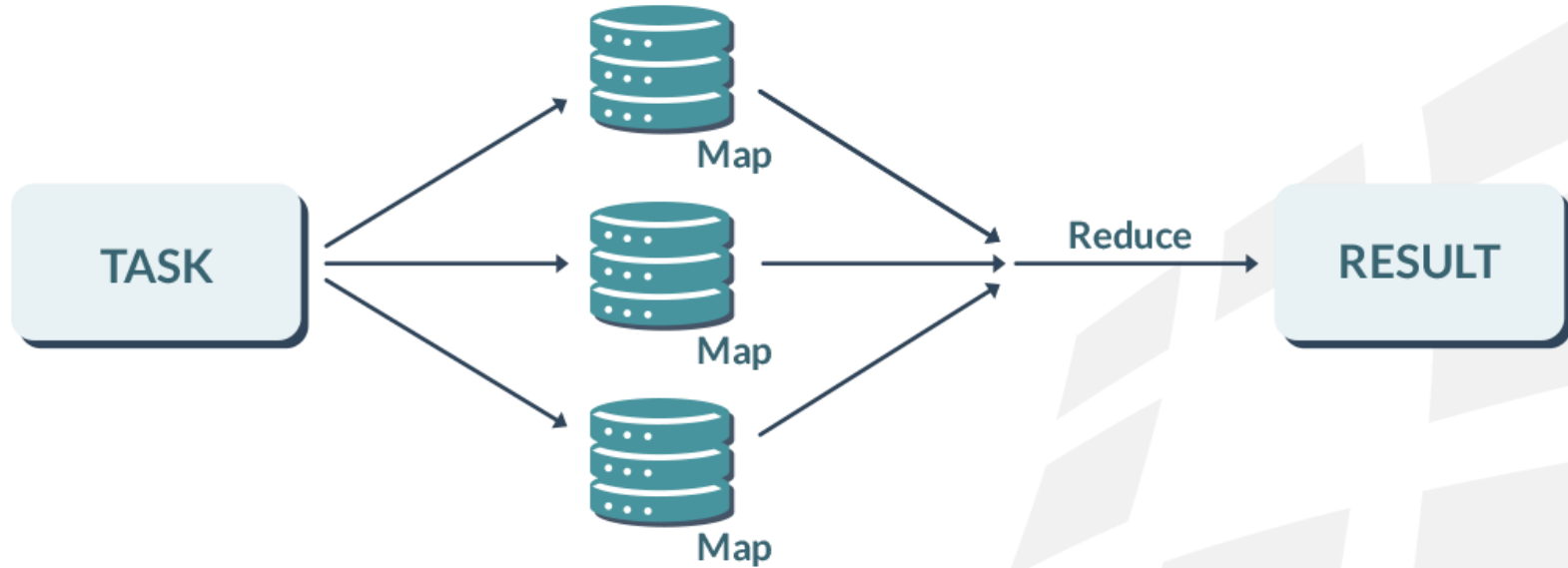
Ignite Native Persistence
(Flash, SSD, Intel 3D XPoint)

Third-Party Persistence
(RDBMS, HDFS, NoSQL)

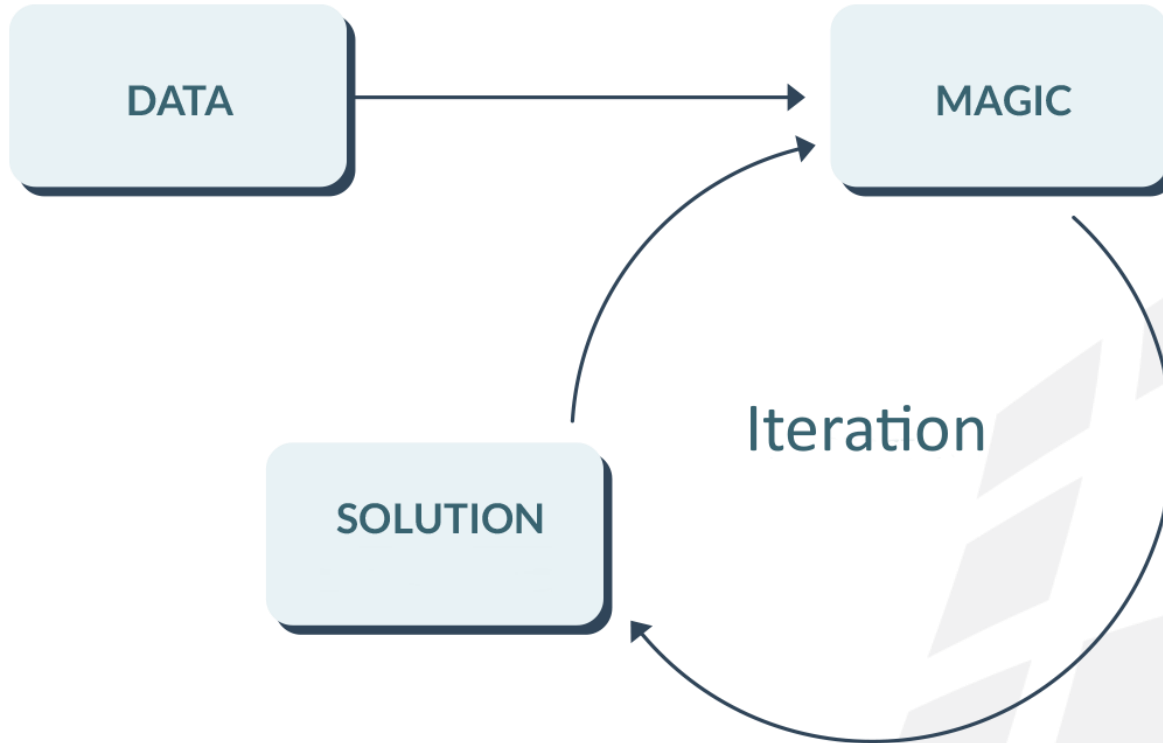
Apache Ignite: Replicated Caches



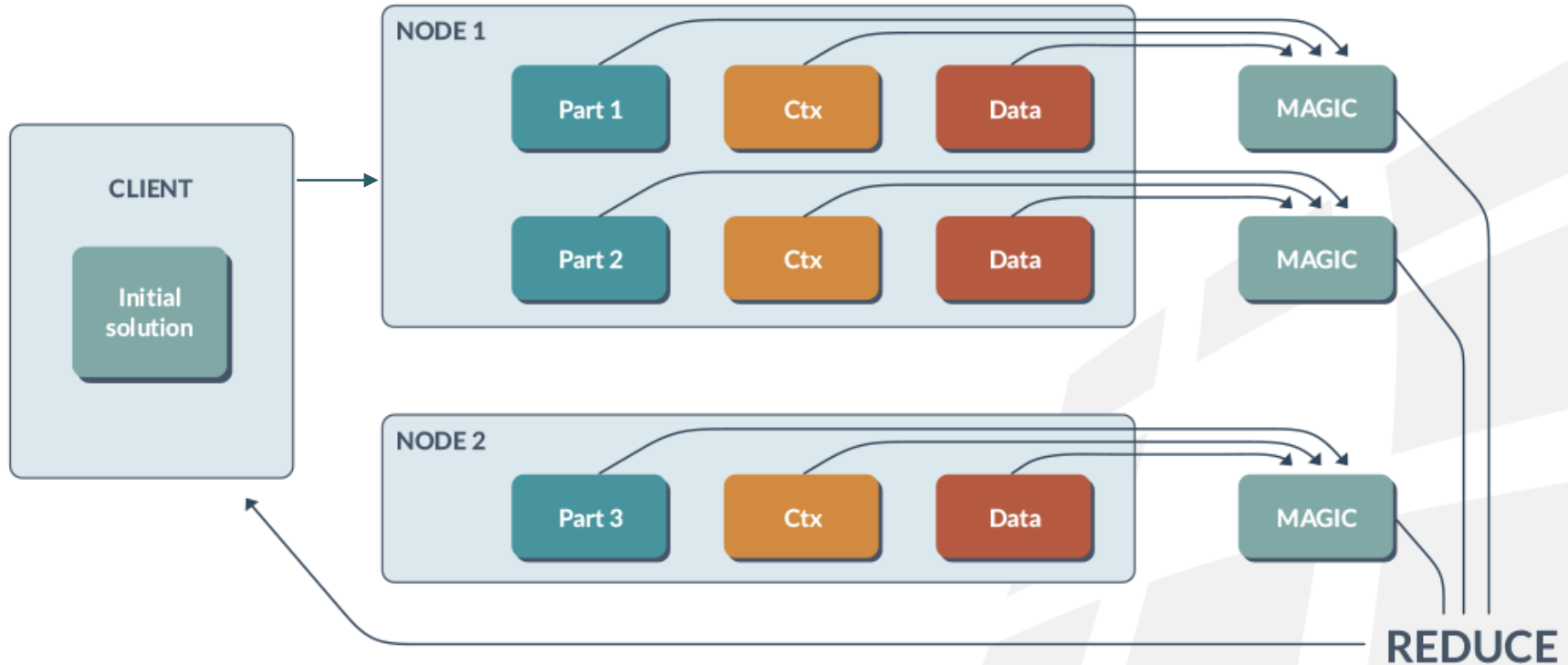
Map Reduce



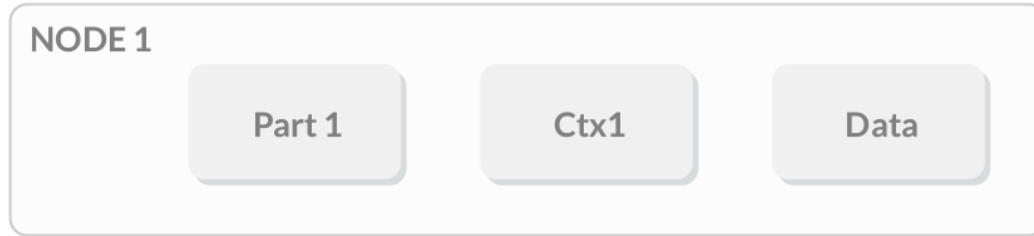
Iterative Optimization Algorithm



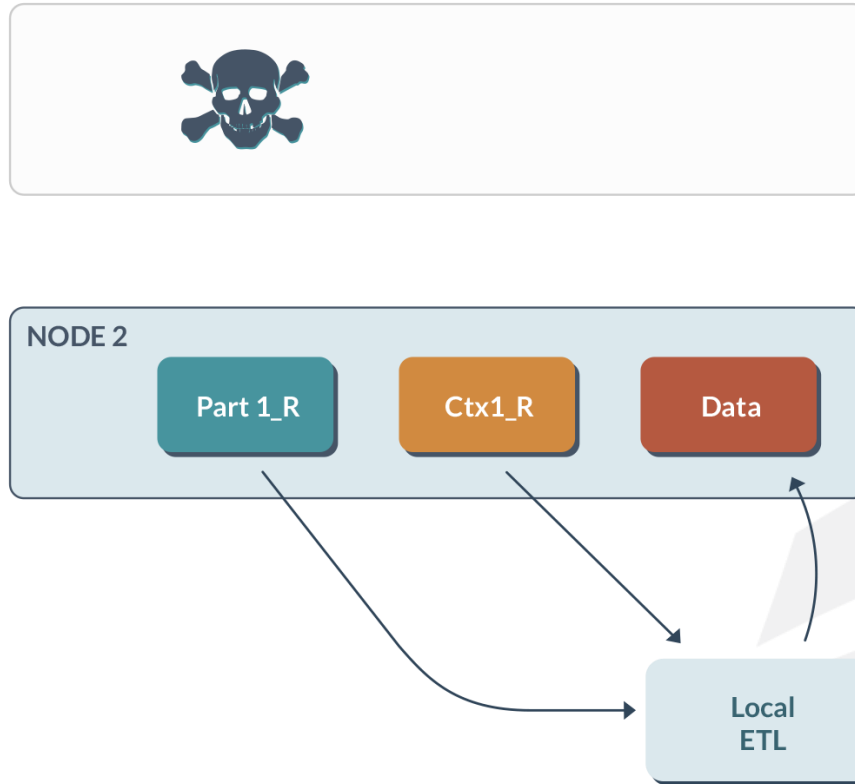
Partition Based Data Set



Restoration of partitions after a failure



Recovering calculations after failure



OLS sample

Loss function

$$(f(x_1) - y_1)^2 + (f(x_2) - y_2)^2 + \cdots + (f(x_n) - y_n)^2$$

Gradient of loss function

$$2(f(x_1) - y_1) * f'(x_1) + 2(f(x_2) - y_2) * f'(x_2) + \cdots + 2(f(x_n) - y_n) * f'(x_n)$$

Node 1

Node 2

Node M

Sample 2 LSQR

Golub-Kahan-Lanczos Bidiagonalization Procedure

Choose $v_1 =$ unit 2-norm vector and set $\beta_0 = 0$,
for $k = 1, 2..n$

$$v_k = Av_k - \beta_{k-1}u_{k-1}$$

$$a_k = \|u_k\|_2$$

$$u_k = u_k/a_k$$

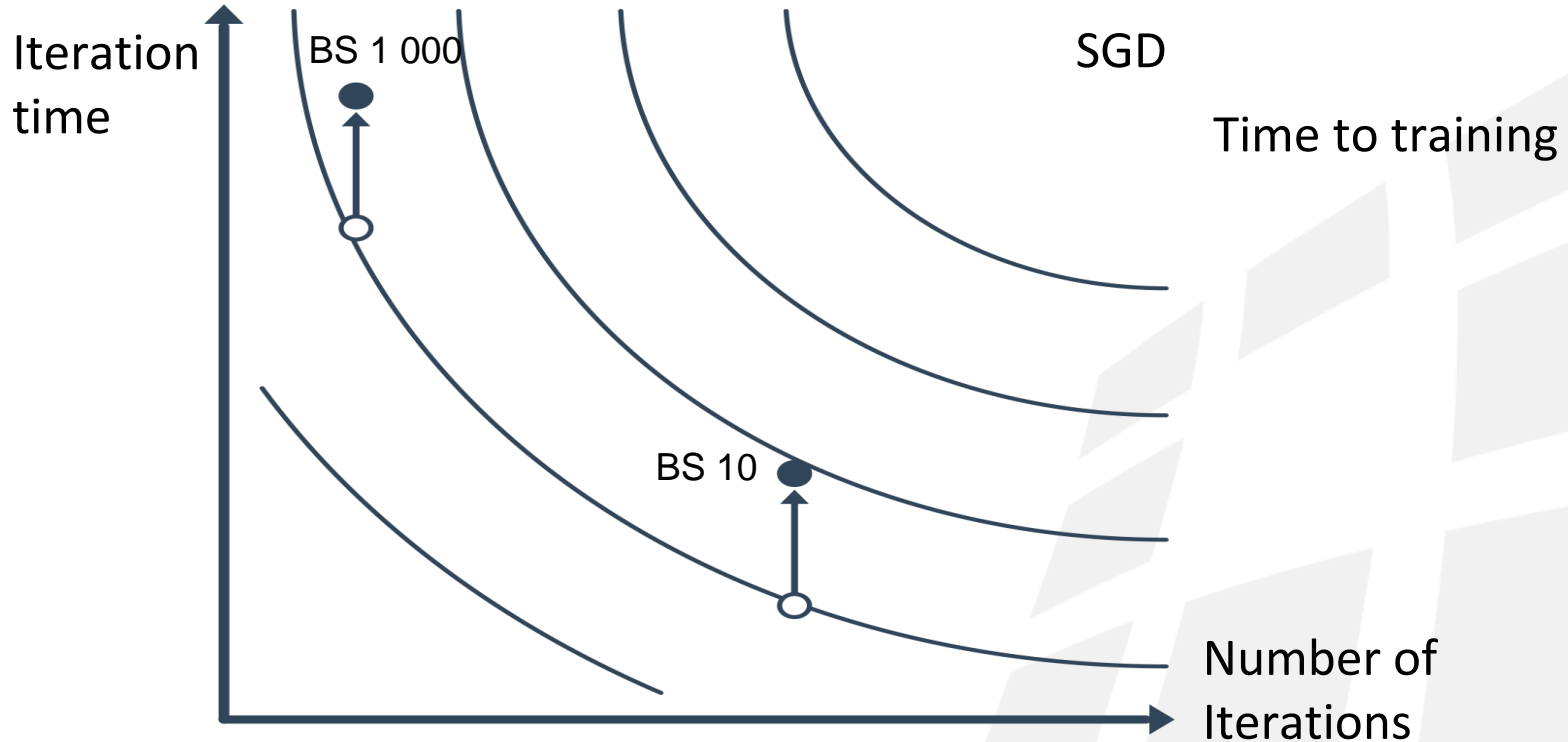
$$v_{k+1} = A^*u_k - a_kv_k$$

$$\beta_k = \|v_{k+1}\|_2$$

$$v_{k+1} = v_{k+1}/\beta_k$$

end.

Limitations of Applicability



Want to learn more?

<https://ignite.apache.org>

<https://apacheignite.readme.io/docs>

<https://github.com/apache/ignite>

ybabak@gridgain.com